

《表面和胶体化学手册》

图书基本信息

书名：《表面和胶体化学手册》

13位ISBN编号：9787506214766

10位ISBN编号：7506214768

出版时间：1970-1

出版社：世界图书出版公司

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内容概要

表面和胶体化学手册，ISBN：9787506214766，作者：[丹]K.S.Birdi著

作者简介

Dr. K.S. Birdi received a B.Sc. degree in Chemistry from Delhi University, Delhi, India, in 1952. He then traveled to the U.S. for further studies, majoring in chemistry at the University of California at Berkeley. After graduation in 1957, he joined Standard Oil of California, Richmond. Dr. Birdi married and moved to Copenhagen in 1959, where he joined Lever Bros., in 1959 as Chief-Chemist, Development Laboratory. During this period he became interested in surface chemistry and joined, as assistant professor, the Institute of Physical Chemistry (founder of institute: Professor J. Brønsted), Danish Technical University, Lyngby, Denmark, in 1966. He initially did research on surface science aspects (e.g. detergents; micelle formation; adsorption; biophysics). During the early exploration and discovery stages of oil and gas in the North Sea, he got involved in Research Science Foundation programs, with other Research Institutes around Copenhagen, in the oil recovery phenomena and surface science. Later, research grants on the same subject were awarded from the European Common Market projects. These projects also involved extensive visits to other universities and an exchange of guests from all over the world. Dr. Birdi was appointed Research Professor in 1985 (Nordic Science Foundation), and was then appointed, in 1990, to the School of Pharmacy, Copenhagen, as professor in Physical Chemistry. There was continuous involvement with various industrial contract research programs through-out these years. These projects have actually been a very important source of information in keeping up with real problems, and helped in the guidance of research at all levels. Professor Birdi is a consultant to various national and international industries. He is a member of various chemical societies, and a member organizing committees, of national and international meetings related to surface science. He is a member of selection committees for assistant professor and professor, and was an advisory member (1985-1987) of the ACS journal: Langmuir. Professor Birdi has been an advisor for some 90 advanced student projects and various Ph.D. projects. He is the author of some 100 papers and articles (and a few hundred citations). In order to describe these research observations and data he realized that it was essential to write books on the subject. His first book on surface science was published in 1984: Adsorption and the Gibbs Surface Excess, Chatteraj, D.K. and Birdi, K.S., Plenum Press, New York. Further publications include Lipid and Biopolymer Monolayers at Liquid Interfaces, K.S. Birdi, Plenum Press, New York, 1989; and Fractals, in Chemistry, Geochemistry and Biophysics, K.S. Birdi, Plenum Press, New York, 1994. Surface chemistry has remained his major interest of research throughout these years.

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A major drawback of the conventional DLS experiment is that the dispersion must be transparent for the light beam. For micrometer-sized particles, this requires concentrations below 10⁻³ vol%. Often the concentration of the samples is higher and their dilution for investigation is not desirable. The autocorrelation function of multiply scattered light is difficult to interpret and to extract subsequent information about the particle size. Several modifications have been proposed during the last few years aimed at overcoming this problem and extending the application of DLS to more concentrated suspensions. One possibility is to use a very thin sample cell of an optical path length below 100 μm in order to reduce the multiple scattering as much as possible. Alternatively, Phillips⁶⁸⁰ suggested using a more complicated optical system comprising two laser beams and two detectors located at $\pm 90^\circ$. The cross-correlation of the signals from the two detectors was measured. The corresponding theoretical analysis was presented by Dhont and de Kruif.⁶⁸¹ Another two-detector optical system was proposed by Drewel et al.⁶⁸² which allowed measurements at scattering angles between 20° and 120° . Due to the complex equipment and alignment procedures, these optical systems so far have found limited application.

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精彩短评

1、全英文，要费功夫了，书装订有点问题

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