

《2012中国农业发展报告》

图书基本信息

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章节摘录

版权页： The application of farm machinery in crucial stages of such crops as rape, potatoes, peanuts and tea also saw rapid growth. Machinery for initial food processing and livestock raising saw stable growth in number; machinery for fishery operations and horticulture registered rapid growth. 3. Mechanization in farming steadily improved; mechanization in weak links was rapidly strengthened. The aggregate level of mechanization in plowing, sowing and harvesting across the country reached 54.8% in 2011, 2.5 percentage points higher than the previous year. The growth was above 2 percentage points for the sixth consecutive year. Mechanization in the production of grain crops was promoted in a steady manner and mechanization in weak links was rapidly strengthened. The aggregate level of mechanization in plowing, sowing and harvesting of wheat reached 92.6%, meaning the entire wheat production process had almost been mechanized. The aggregate level of mechanization in sowing and in harvesting of rice was 26.2% and 69.3% respectively, up 5.4 percentage points and 4.8 percentage points respectively. The level of mechanization in harvesting of corn was 33.6%, up 7.8 percentage points. Mechanization in harvesting of corn had entered a stage of fast development. Shandong had become the first province to have the entire corn production process almost mechanized. Mechanized rice transplantation and subsoiling, conservation tillage and the return of crop residues to the field by machine were applied on 7.167 million, 11.049 million, 5.716 million and 31.687 million hectares of land respectively. The application of resource-saving and environment-friendly agricultural mechanization technologies that would boost output and benefits grew in a steady manner. Mechanization was both more extensive and more advanced in the farming of potatoes, rape, cotton and peanuts. Mechanization of livestock raising, horticulture, facility agriculture and initial food processing saw rapid growth.

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